

Palmacci Playground Work Plan

Somerville, MA

April 2021

Prepared for:

City of Somerville, MA 93 Highland Ave. Somerville, MA 02143

Prepared by:

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Table of Contents

Purpose	3
Key Recommendations	3
Pruning	3
Mulching	5
Soil Recommendations	6
Park Closure, Traffic Management, and Sequence of Work	6
Crew and Equipment	6
Maintenance Schedule	7
Appendix I: Tree Location Map	8
Appendix II: Soil Test Results	9
Appendix III: Tree Condition Definitions	10

Purpose

In an effort to promote the health of existing trees within Palmacci Playground, all trees and soils within the park were assessed and the following maintenance recommendations are provided.

Key Recommendations

- 5 Trees recommended for pruning (see Appendix III for pruning specifications)
- Mulching recommended for 5 trees
- Soil Amendments recommended for 5 trees

Pruning

All pruning activities shall adhere to the following specifications:

- 1. All pruning work will conform to the latest revision of the American National Standards Institute (ANSI): Standard A300, developed by the Tree Care Industry Association.
- 2. Tree pruning work may include any or all of the following:
 - **a. Young Tree Training:** pruning of young trees to correct or eliminate wrak, interfering, or objectionable branches to improve structure. These trees can be up to 20 feet tall and can be worked with a pole pruner by a person standing on the ground.
 - **b. Crown Cleaning:** selective removal of dead, dying, damaged, diseased, and broken branches from the tree crown. Shall include removal of all deadwood >2" diameter.
 - **c. Canopy Thinning:** selective removal of live branches to provide light or air penetration through the tree or to lighten the weight of the remaining branches.
 - **d. Clearance Pruning:** The heading back or removal of specific limbs to provide clearance from buildings, wires, lights, etc.
 - e. Crown Raising: selective removal of lower branches from a tree crown to provide clearance. Trees impeding vehicle or pedestrian traffic should be raised up at least 13 feet over streets and 8 feet over sidewalks. Tree obstructing control devices should be trimmed for adequate visibility.
 - **f. Structural Pruning:** pruning to develop strong tree structure. This includes maintaining a dominant leader by reducing the length or removing any competing leaders, suppressing growth on branches with bark inclusions, ensuring appropriate spacing of main branches along a dominant trunk, and keeping all branches less than one-half the trunk diameter.
 - **g. Aesthetic pruning:** selective removal of downward growing limbs, limbs growing backwards toward the trunk, and other limbs that are making the tree unsightly.
 - h. Pruning of crossing or rubbing limbs.
- 3. All pruning cuts shall be made as close as possible to the trunk or parent limb, without cutting into the branch collar or leaving a protruding stub. Bark at the edge of all pruning cuts should remain firmly attached. Sharp tools shall be used so that clean cuts will be made at all times.
- 4. All branches too large to support with one hand shall be precut to avoid splitting or tearing of the bark. Where necessary, ropes or other equipment should be used to lower branches or stubs to the ground.
- 5. Treatment of cuts and wounds with wound dressing or paints is prohibited.

- 6. Equipment that will damage the bark and cambium layer shall NOT be used on or in the trees. For example, the use of climbing spurs (hooks or irons) is not an acceptable work practice for pruning operations on live trees.
- 7. All cut limbs shall be removed from the crown upon completion of the pruning. Clean-up of branches, logs, or any other debris resulting from any tree pruning shall be promptly and properly accomplished.
- 8. The work area shall be kept safe at all times until the clean-up operation is completed. Under no condition shall the accumulation of brush, branches, logs, or other debris be allowed upon a public property in such a manner as to result in public hazard.

The following trees are recommended for Crown Cleaning:

#42617 - 17" *Fraxinus pennsylvanica* (green ash). Fair condition. There is at least one hanger in this tree that is elevating its current risk. The priority for pruning this tree is high.

#42680 - 14" Fraxinus pennsylvanica (green ash). Fair condition.

The following tree is recommended for <u>Clearance Pruning and pruning of crossing/rubbing limbs</u>:

#42699 - 12" Cherry spp. Fair condition. Some of the limbs of this tree are growing into the fence and should be reduced.



The following tree is recommended for <u>Aesthetic Pruning and pruning of crossing/rubbing limbs</u>:

#42693 - 8" Cherry spp. Fair condition.



The following tree is recommended for Young Tree Training:

#42665 - 2" elm. Good condition.

Mulching

Mulching is recommended for all trees in Palmacci Playground. Mulch shall be applied according to the following procedures:

- 1. Mulch shall be applied to trees for moisture retention in soil abatement of dust and weeds, and for nutrient enrichment of the soil.
- 2. Mulched area shall be six feet in diameter around the trunk of the tree unless otherwise specified by the City Urban Forester. A three inch layer of mulch (after settlement) will be applied around the tree, tapering towards the trunk. Mulch shall NOT come in contact with the trunk of the plant or the root flare. No mulch shall be placed within 2 to 3 inches of the trunk. "Volcano" mulching is strictly prohibited.
- 3. Mulch shall be high quality, premium course-grade bark mulch, 15 mm minimum length, consisting of clean organic plant material. Mulch shall conform to the following:

- a. Must be uniform, natural wood color, without dyes, which shall not exhibit a noticeable degree of color change characteristic when wet.
- b. Must not have an unpleasant odor.
- c. Must be free of dirt, insects, disease, and extraneous debris that would be harmful to the trees being planted.
- d. pH: between 4.0 and 8.0
- e. Particle size: 100% passing through a 50 mm (2 inch) screen
- f. Soluble salt content: less than 4.0 mmhos/cm

Soil Recommendations

One soil sample was taken at Palmacci Playground. The following recommendations are given:

• The soil pH of the sample was determined to be 5.8 and is considered outside of the desirable range (too acidic). The incorporation of dolomitic lime is recommended. This will help correct soil pH by adding magnesium. Phosphorus and Nitrogen levels were in the Medium range and the addition of Arbor Green Pro fertilizer is recommended to maintain optimum levels of soil nutrients. The texture of the tree pit sample was determined to be sandy loam.

Park Closure, Traffic Management, and Sequence of Events

Work will likely take less than one day and will require the park to be closed during operations. Pedestrian/bicycle traffic and parking will also need to be restricted in front of the park during operations.

Tree pruning will take place first. Once the tree work is complete, Soil will be aerated and soil amendments and fertilizer will be incorporated to the soil. Finally, mulch will be added to all trees.

Crew and Equipment

Access to the park will be via Hanson St. and Skehan St. Crew will consist of 3 individuals and will require the following heavy equipment:

- Bucket Truck
- Chipper

All wood material removed from trees will be chipped on site and removed. All effort will be made to protect city and playground infrastructure. All playground equipment will be protected with plywood and moving blankets to prevent damage.

Maintenance Schedule

Tree Number	Species	DBH	Maintenance Recommendation	Priority	
42671	green ash	17	Crown Cleaning	High	
42680	green ash	14	Crown Cleaning	Low	
42699	cherry spp.	12	Clearance Pruning and removal of crossing/rubbing branches	Low	
42693	cherry spp.	8	Aesthetic Pruning and removal of crossing/rubbing branches	Low	
42665		2	Young Tree Training	Low	
42671	green ash	17	Lime and Fertilizer soil amendments	Low	
42680	green ash	14	Lime and Fertilizer soil amendments	Low	
42699	cherry spp.	12	Lime and Fertilizer soil amendments	Low	
42693	cherry spp.	8	Lime and Fertilizer soil amendments	Low	
42665	elm	2	Lime and Fertilizer soil amendments	Low	
4 Trees			Mulch	Low	
			Posting of No Parking Signs		
				Total:	

APPENDIX I

Tree Location Map



Ortho Imagery from MASS GIS.

APPENDIX II

Soil Test Results

Turf and Ornamental Soil Analysis Report



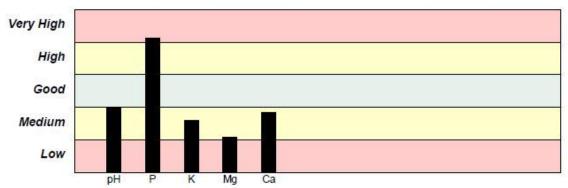
THE DAVEY TREE EXPERT CO-SOIL LAB PO BOX 5193 KENT, OH 44240

www.spectrumanalytic.com

SOM	MERVILLE-10	14550	
SOM	MERVILLE, M	IA .	

Sample	179	Sampled	03-23-2021
Lab Number	G19935	Tested	03-26-2021

Analysis	8	Result	Optimal	Analysis		Result	Optimal
Soil pH		5.8	5.8-6.6	Clay	%	10	
Buffer pH		6.6		Sand	%	78	
Organic Matter	%	5.2		Silt	%	12	
CEC	2000	10.5		Texture		Sandy Loam	
K Saturation	%	2.4	2.0-4.0	5003000000		CONTROL OF COLUMN	
Mg Saturation	%	6.0	10-20				
Ca Saturation	%	45.7	50-70				
K/Mg Ratio	500	1.4					
Ca/Mg Ratio		15.0					
Phosphorus	m3-ppm	153	50-80				
Potassium	m3-ppm	118	150-240				
Magnesium	m3-ppm	85	160-310				
Calcium	m3-ppm	1275	1400-2000				
	-						



Recommendations Nutrients expressed in broadcast lbs/1000 sqft, except Fe (foliar) and Mn (row					w)						
Yr Crop	CaCO3	N	P205	K20	Mg	S	В	Cu	Fe	Mn	Zn
21 Trees, Deciduous-Undefined	65D	3.0	0.0	2.7	0.4) S		

Lime expressed in 100% pure CaCO3. Adjust accordingly. D=Dolomitic. C=Calcitic.

Trees, Deciduous-Undefined: Limit N to 1 lb./1000 sq. ft. within dripline in year 1. Split N 50% early spring and 50% late summer. Fertilized area under tree starts 2 ft. from trunk, to 3 ft. outside of dripline. Adjust future fertilizer rates based on annual leaf analysis.

Analyzed by Spectrum Analytic Inc. www.spectrumanalytic.com HID:0561-0939-2671-0006

APPENDIX III

Tree Condition Definitions

Condition: Condition indicates the current state of a tree's health and structural soundness. As adapted from the Council of Tree and Landscape Appraiser's "Guide for Plant Appraisal", condition is determined through a visual evaluation of the roots, trunk, and scaffold branches, as well as branches, twigs, foliage and buds. The overall health of any given tree is essentially the sum of the condition for all of these woody and vegetative components. The Council's condition rating system returns a numerical value (1-4) that can then be characterized as "Dead", "Poor", "Fair", and "Good", respectively, as represented in i-Tree Streets v5. General characteristics of overall health are provided below; however, it is important to remember that these ratings account for the sum of a tree's parts. Also, condition may change at any time for any number of factors including exacerbation of known and unknown defects, introduction or advancement of insects and disease, environmental stress, and adverse site factors, among others.

Good

The tree has no major structural problems, no significant mechanical damage, no insect or disease issues of concern, and minimal to no signs of stress.

Fair

The tree may exhibit minor structural problems; mechanical damage that decreases the stability of a tree's roots, trunk, or scaffold branches; presence of and/or damage from harmful insects and diseases; and general signs of stress such as wilting or minor twig dieback.

Poor

The tree may have major structural defects, extensive wounds or decay (localized or widespread), mechanical damage that increases the likelihood of failure, significant crown dieback, and insect or disease issues that result in a noticeable decline in tree health.

Dead

Trees in this category are dead.